1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)
3	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4	FOR ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 3279 By: Humphrey, Pae, and Phillips of the House
5	
6	and
7	Jett of the Senate
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9	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
10	[technology - creating the Oklahoma Distributed
11	Ledger Technology Act - effective date]
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
14	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
15	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12001 of Title 74, unless there
16	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
17	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma
18	Distributed Ledger Technology Act".
19	SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
20	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12002 of Title 74, unless there
21	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
22	As used in this act:
23	1. "Convertible virtual currency" means a substitute or avatar
24	for real and legally recognized currency, even though it does not

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have the status of legal tender. Convertible virtual currency includes convertible digital currency, digital assets, or distributed ledger technology assets, a convertible virtual currency;
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- 2. "Council" means the Oklahoma Distributed Ledger Technology Council;
- 3. "Customer" means any person, corporation, or entity who may qualify for the required Anti-Money Laundering and Know Your Customer provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act, 31 U.S.C., Section 5311 et seq., and thereby obtains confirmation of their identity;
- 4. "Digital contract" means a contract that functions as a digital agreement which is entered into between customers, in order to specify the terms and conditions of payment, custody, performance, timing, delivery, tax remittance, regulatory compliance, escrow, contingencies, choice of law, forum, or other terms;
- 5. "Digital identity" means immutable information about an entity or individual used by computer systems to record and represent an external or internal agent, which may be a person, organization, application, or device, and any permissive access relative to such is protected with biometric identification.

 Digital identity is programmed uniquely for the individual customer and shall not be resold, duplicated, or counterfeited;

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6. "Digital asset processor" means a method for recording and converting virtual currency as a digital asset to and from United States dollars, where both the processor and currencies use distributed ledger technologies and smart contracts programmed with computer code that will enable self-executing escrow accounts, also referred to as an electronic funds transfer system interchange;

- 7. "Distributed ledger technology" means a type of database spread across multiple sites, regions, or participants;
- 8. "Distributed ledger technology asset" means a digital unit with specified characteristics, secured through a decentralized ledger or database, exchangeable for goods or services, and capable of being traded or transferred between persons with the use of a distributed ledger technology asset offering agent and fiduciary or the custodial intermediary. A distributed ledger technology asset is a digital unit that is:
 - a. created in response to the verification or collection of a specified number of transactions relating to a digital ledger or database by deploying computer code to a distributed ledger technology network that allows for the creation of distributed ledger technology assets, or
 - recorded in a digital ledger or database that is chronological, consensus-based, decentralized, and

mathematically verified in nature, especially relating to the supply of units and their distribution;

9. "Distributed ledger technology asset offering agent" means a person who is appointed by a distributed ledger technology asset offering system operator and who is a licensed attorney with at least fifteen (15) years of law practice, in good standing with the Oklahoma Bar Association, and is appointed as counsel by the submission of registration with the Oklahoma Department of Securities, the Office of Management and Enterprise Services, and the Oklahoma Tax Commission;

- 10. "Electronic funds transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape, so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, automated clearinghouses, direct deposits or withdrawals of funds, and transfers initiated by telephone;
- 11. "Electronic funds transfer system interchange" means a distributed ledger technology asset offering, an interchange platform, or digital asset processor, which operates with a protocol that allows customers to acquire and transfer any fiat currencies, lawful cryptocurrencies, digital assets, convertible virtual

currency, or distributed ledger technology assets from one form of value to the other by using a convertible virtual currency to acquire and to transfer;

- operator" or "system operator" means a person or entity contracted with this state or its instrumentalities, agencies, or political subdivisions, which employs at least one licensed Oklahoma fiduciary as its principal agent and which has general supervisory control over the subject system and provides to its customers smart contracts for electronic funds transfers, tax remittances, contract forms, escrow, custody, and goods and services tracking that become obligations for customers to pay the system operator by agreement and in accordance with the terms of a designated and immutable smart contract;
- 13. "Onboarding" means identifying and adding customers to a system by first qualifying them with Anti-Money Laundering and Know Your Customer provisions of the Bank Secrecy Act, 31 U.S.C., Section 5311 et seq.;
- 14. "Smart contract" means a self-executing digital contract, which can be an escrow agreement, with the terms of the agreement between buyer and seller directly written into lines of code wherein the code and the agreement contained therein exist across a distributed, decentralized, blockchain network. Smart contracts are not digital assets but are software packages and use distributed

1 ledger technologies with unalterable accounting and immutable
2 identification and escrow functions;

- 15. "System" means a complex network of an interconnected technology system or systems; and
- 16. "Travel Rule" means the rule promulgated under the Bank Secrecy Act, 31 C.F.R., Section 1010.410(f), which requires financial institutions to pass certain information on to the next financial institution in certain funds transmittals involving more than one financial institution.
- SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12003 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. The Office of Management and Enterprise Services shall develop and employ an integrated logistics, information, and payment tracking system as a publicly owned, operated, and regulated payment tracking utility network:
 - 1. To facilitate information and revenue recording, collection, and sharing; and
 - 2. To assist in the prevention of cybercrimes, black market activities, money laundering, and tax evasion.
 - B. Every distributed ledger technology system described in this section shall use types of software that provide for:
- 23 1. Representations of dollars such as convertible virtual currency;

- 2. Digital representations of unique identities; or
- 3. Digital representations of contracts.

- C. To contract with the state or any of its political subdivisions, a distributed ledger technology asset offering system which is equipped to license, maintain, and offer for sale software and to perform electronic funds transfers and logistical tracking services using digital assets or convertible virtual currencies as the medium of value transfer, shall fulfill the following minimum threshold securities regulatory requirements:
- 1. Prior to the acceptance by a state, county, or local governmental unit or agency of a vendor's bid or offer to contract, the prospective system or distributed ledger technology asset offering system operator shall show proof of having successfully participated in a state or federal convertible virtual currency and payment gateway demonstration and no-action processes; and
- 2. Demonstrate the proper procedural protocol publicly or privately in a test of the distributed ledger technology to the satisfaction of the state or federal securities regulators' compliance review processes.
- D. Consideration should be given to system operator applicants which have capabilities of a distributed ledger technology system incubator or which have obtained United States Treasury, United States Department of Agriculture, and government charters, or certification as community development entities or credit programs

which have maintained such status for at least ten (10) years and which are headed by licensed Oklahoma fiduciaries.

- E. Vendors shall adhere to all applicable state and federal laws.
 - F. A convertible virtual currency or digital asset designed and used by the state and any of its agencies or political subdivisions shall be prepaid and stable and shall be designed for correlated payment and the tracking of goods, services, and custodians.
- G. Every distributed ledger technology asset offering system shall be designed as a publicly owned, operated, and regulated entity and as the property of the State of Oklahoma and to become autonomous and disintermediated by using programmable smart contracts managed by algorithms and encoded with relevant state, county, local, tribal, or federal laws and regulations for taxation, accounting, escrows, remittances, custody tracking, and other applications.
- H. Every vendor operating within this act shall tailor its technology to comply with and conform to the state's records laws and to include regulations, wherever applicable, for dispute resolution, evidentiary proceedings, money services businesses, tax revenue remittance, tax reporting, securities, and escrow.
- I. For logistical tracking and recording, the system shall use correlated payment-custodian-product registries, technologies, or

- other vendors with lawfully permissive technology for the state and the system to achieve their requirements.
 - J. Pursuant to the system's requirements, agencies, customers, or users of the software shall:

- 1. Create an unalterable recorded digital identity or digital account or technology such as a lawful digital wallet; and
- 7 2. Open a digital or smart contract account which shall enable 8 the customer or user to interact within the system.
 - in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12004 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. There is hereby created the Oklahoma Distributed Ledger
 Technology Council. The Council shall consist of nine (9) members.

 Appointments shall be for three-year terms. Members of the Council shall serve at the pleasure of and may be removed from office by the appointing authority. Members shall continue to serve until their successors are appointed. Any vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointments. Five members shall constitute a quorum.
 - B. The Council shall be composed as follows:
 - 1. The Governor shall appoint three members:
 - a. one member shall be a former agency director or member of agency leadership,
 - b. one member representing law enforcement, and

- c. one member representing a political subdivision of the state who shall be a member of the local governing body of a city or town;
 - 2. The President Pro Tempore of the Senate shall appoint three members as follows:
 - a. one member with a background in software or computer engineering,
 - b. one member from the general public, and
 - c. one member who formerly served in the Senate; and
 - 3. The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint three members as follows:
 - a. one member with a background in finance or the securities industry,
 - b. one member from the general public, and
 - c. one member who formerly served in the House.
 - C. The Council shall elect a chair and a cochair from among its members. The Council shall meet as required for rule development, review, and recommendation and for such other purposes specified by law. Special meetings may be called by the chair or by the concurrence of any three members.
 - D. The Council shall:

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1. Have authority to recommend rules to the Office of
Management and Enterprise Services (OMES);

2. Before recommending any permanent rules, give public notice, offer opportunity for public comment, and conduct a public rulemaking hearing as required by the Administrative Procedures Act;

- 3. Have the authority to make written recommendations to OMES which have been agreed upon by at least a majority of the membership of the Council;
- 4. Have the authority to provide a public forum for the discussion of issues it considers relevant to its area of jurisdiction, and to:
 - a. pass nonbinding resolutions expressing the purpose of the Council, and
 - b. make recommendations to OMES concerning the need and the desirability of conducting meetings, workshops, and seminars; and
- 5. Cooperate with the public, OMES, and other agencies in order to coordinate the rules within their respective jurisdictional areas and to achieve maximum efficiency and effectiveness in furthering the objections of this act.
- E. The Council shall not recommend rules for promulgation by OMES unless all applicable requirements of the Administrative Procedures Act have been followed including, but not limited to, notice, rule impact statement, and rulemaking hearings.
- F. Members of the Council shall serve without compensation but may be reimbursed expenses incurred in the performance of their

- duties, as provided in the State Travel Reimbursement Act. The

 Council is authorized to utilize the conference rooms of OMES and to

 obtain administrative assistance from OMES as needed.
- SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12005 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A distributed ledger technology asset offering system operator shall provide relevant tax revenue and information sharing optimization models, designs, and processes to the Office of Management and Enterprise Services and the Oklahoma Tax Commission, and shall aid in the prevention of tax evasion and other financial crimes.

SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12006 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

The Oklahoma Tax Commission and the Office of Management and Enterprise Services shall promulgate rules to allow for the orderly implementation of payments by digital assets and distributed ledger technologies using the services of a system operator.

SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12007 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules and regulations on how to collect taxes using a convertible virtual

- currency, by and through the services of distributed ledger

 technology asset offering system operators, to provide a functional

 electronic funds transfer asset offering system interchange platform

 and network.
 - B. The Tax Commission may appoint a qualified system operator as its agent to assist in collecting taxes using distributed ledger technologies and for enforcing the tax laws by examination and investigation.

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- 9 SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12008 of Title 74, unless there 11 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Every distributed ledger technology asset offering system operator is required to appoint, and always have in place, a distributed ledger technology asset offering agent:
 - 1. Who shall be a licensed attorney in good standing with the Oklahoma Bar Association; and
 - 2. Whose representation is made known to the Oklahoma

 Department of Securities, the Office of Management and Enterprise

 Services, and the Oklahoma Tax Commission.
 - B. The distributed ledger technology asset offering agent shall:
- 1. Advise and guide their system operator as to its responsibilities and obligations to ensure compliance with the

provisions of this act, any rules or regulations issued thereunder, and maintain responsibility for federal and state compliance; and

- 2. Notify the Office of Management Enterprise Services or the Tax Commission in writing without delay of the distributed ledger technology asset offering agent's resignation or intent to surrender their appointment. If terminated, sufficient relevant facts or circumstances thereto are to be disclosed by the agent. A copy of such notices shall be sent to the system operator.
- C. In discharging his or her obligations under subsection B of this section, a distributed ledger technology asset offering agent shall:
- 1. Deal with the Oklahoma Department of Securities, Office of Management and Enterprise Services, and the Tax Commission in an open and cooperative manner; and
- 2. Provide upon request, and without unreasonable delay, data to the Legislative Office of Fiscal Transparency.
- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12009 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A distributed ledger technology asset offering system operator shall:
 - 1. Identify and manage any conflict of interest that may arise;
- 2. Have effective arrangements in place for the protection of stakeholders' and customers' funds;

3. Maintain all of its systems and security access protocols to appropriate and applicable standards; and

- 4. When a system operator maintains a website and is required to make public disclosures, make public any information or provide notice to the public on its website as required by law.
- SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12010 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. The Office of Management and Enterprise Services shall promulgate rules to implement the provisions of this act including, without limitation, the implementation of methods to validate transactions for distributed ledger technologies.
- B. The Office of Management and Enterprise Services may contract with third-party vendors to carry out the respective duties and functions as specified in this act, and may work with the Oklahoma Tax Commission, the Banking Department, the State Treasurer, and the Oklahoma Development Finance Authority to develop good practices and standards for banking and finance for distributed ledger technology assets offering businesses.
- C. The Office of Management and Enterprise Services, Secretary of State, Oklahoma Development Finance Authority, and the Tax

 Commission shall be authorized to enter and negotiate the terms of any memorandums of understanding between themselves and other

states, federal, tribal, county, and local governments and agencies thereof in effectuating the terms of this act.

- D. The Office of Management and Enterprise Services, the Tax

 Commission, the Secretary of State, the Banking Department, the

 Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation, the Oklahoma Department of

 Securities, Oklahoma Development Finance Authority, and the State

 Treasurer may participate in an interagency working group, assisted

 by system operators designated by the agencies, for implementing

 data-driven solutions for sustainable economic development,

 protections against financial crimes, and tax evasion problems by

 using distributed ledger technologies.
- E. The Office of Management and Enterprise Services may coordinate with any designated system operator to determine the funding requirements and information data points state agencies and local governments need in order to optimize their regulatory duties for compliance and enforcement and for using fintech and databases. The Office of Management and Enterprise Services and the Tax Commission shall appoint a steering committee or working group to determine the compliance burdens and optimal revenue sharing formulas between the local and state governmental subunits. Thereafter, there shall be developed a formula for revenue-sharing or apportioning regulatory funding based upon the needs and burdens of state agencies and local governments, all to be memorialized by a memorandum of understanding.

SECTION 11. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12011 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

No cause of action brought pursuant to this act shall be certified as a class action.

SECTION 12. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12012 of Title 74, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. An individual filing any pleading that raises or attempts to raise a claim under this act must file at the same time as filing the pleading a surety bond or other security if the pendency of the case would impede or interfere with:
- The operation of any distributed ledger technology asset offering system operator;
 - 2. The collection of any tax;

- 3. The tracking of products, payments, or custodians; or
- 4. Any other state or local governmental function under this act.
 - B. The surety bond or other security required by subsection A of this section must be approved by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and shall be in such form and amount as applicable tax law shall require or, in the absence of a specific requirement, in such amount as the Tax Commission may require, and shall be signed as surety by a surety company authorized to transact business in this state. In

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lieu of such surety bond, a claimant may file with the court clerk
   security in the form of a negotiable bond or other obligation of the
   United States or this state of an actual market value not less than
   the amount fixed by applicable law or the Tax Commission.
           The surety bond or other security required by this section
   shall not exceed Twenty-five Million Dollars ($25,000,000.00).
                                   A new section of law to be codified
       SECTION 13.
                       NEW LAW
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   in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 12013 of Title 74, unless there
   is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
       The provisions of this act are severable and if any part of this
   act be decided by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, the
   same shall not affect the validity of this act as a whole, or any
   part thereof other than the part so decided to be unconstitutional
   or invalid.
       SECTION 14.
                    This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.
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